**SDG Goal 8**  
Decent work and economic growth

**SDG Target 8.a**  
Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries

**SDG Indicator 8.a.1**  
Aid for Trade commitments and disbursements

**Time series**  
ODA and OOF (commitments) for aid for trade

1. **General information on the time series**
   - Date of national metadata: 30 September 2021
   - Definition: Aid for trade commitments are the sum of committed official development assistance (ODA) and other official flows (OOF) for aid for trade from Germany to developing countries. Official development assistance (ODA) is defined as aid provided by official agencies that promotes and specifically targets the economic development and welfare of developing countries. Other official flows (OOF) are defined as transactions by the official sector which do not meet the conditions for eligibility as ODA, either because they are not primarily aimed at development, or because they are not sufficiently concessional.
   - For ODA and OOF flows, data on the sector of destination are recorded using 5-digit codes so called purpose codes. Aid for trade is captured through purpose codes in the 331 series and the aid for trade marker. Purpose codes used as a proxy for aid for trade are:
     - Transport & Storage (210)
     - Communications (220)
     - Energy (230)
     - Banking & Financial Services (240)
     - Business & Other Services (250)
     - Agriculture (311)
     - Forestry (312)
     - Fishing (313)
     - Industry (321)
     - Mineral Resources & Mining (322)
     - Trade Policies & Regulations (331)
     - Tourism (332)
   - Aid for trade commitments might be overestimated, as they include the above mentioned purpose codes irrespective of whether there is an actual contribution to aid for trade.
   - Disaggregation: Not available.

2. **Comparison with global metadata**
   - Date of global metadata: July 2016
   - The time series is compliant with the global metadata. It is one of the sub-indicators mentioned in the global metadata.
3. Data description
   • ODA is the resource flows to countries and territories on the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) List of ODA Recipients and to multilateral development institutions that are:
     i. Provided by official agencies, including state and local governments, or by their executive agencies; and
     ii. Concessional (i.e. grants and soft loans) and administered with the promotion of the economic development and welfare of developing countries as the main objective.
     The DAC list of countries eligible to receive ODA is updated every three years and is based on per capita income.

4. Accessibility of source data
   • OECD - Aid for trade:
     https://www.oecd.org/dac/aft/
   • OECD - ODA and OOF for aid for trade:
     https://stats.oecd.org/qwids/

5. Metadata on source data
   • OECD - Aid for trade:
     https://www.oecd.org/dac/aft/
   • General information on ODA as well as recent and future changes in methodology:
   • List of ODA recipient countries:
     http://oe.cd/dac-list

6. Timeliness and frequency
   • Timeliness: t + 12 months
   • Frequency: Annual

7. Calculation method
   • Unit of measurement: Mn USD, constant prices (2019)
   • Calculation method:

   \[
   \text{Aid for trade commitments} = \frac{\text{ODA + OOF commitments to the relevant sectors [USD Mn]}}{\text{Deflators for resource flows [2018 = 100]}}
   \]
SDG Goal 8  Decent work and economic growth
SDG Target 8.a  Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries
SDG Indicator 8.a.1  Aid for Trade commitments and disbursements
Time series  ODA and OOF (gross disbursement) for aid for trade

1. General information on the time series
   • Date of national metadata: 30 September 2021
   • Definition: Aid for trade gross disbursements are the sum of disbursed official development assistance (ODA) and other official flows (OOF) for aid for trade from Germany to developing countries. Official development assistance (ODA) is defined as aid provided by official agencies that promotes and specifically targets the economic development and welfare of developing countries. Other official flows (OOF) are defined as transactions by the official sector which do not meet the conditions for eligibility as ODA, either because they are not primarily aimed at development, or because they are not sufficiently concessional.
   For ODA and OOF flows, data on the sector of destination are recorded using 5-digit codes so called purpose codes. Aid for trade is captured through purpose codes in the 331 series and the aid for trade marker. Purpose codes used as a proxy for aid for trade are:
   - Transport & Storage (210)
   - Communications (220)
   - Energy (230)
   - Banking & Financial Services (240)
   - Business & Other Services (250)
   - Agriculture (311)
   - Forestry (312)
   - Fishing (313)
   - Industry (321)
   - Mineral Resources & Mining (322)
   - Trade Policies & Regulations (331)
   - Tourism (332)
   Aid for trade disbursements might be overestimated, as they include the above mentioned purpose codes irrespective of whether there is an actual contribution to aid for trade.
   • Disaggregation: Not available.

2. Comparison with global metadata
   • Date of global metadata: July 2016
   • Global metadata: [https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-08-0A-01.pdf](https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/files/Metadata-08-0A-01.pdf)
   • The time series is compliant with the global metadata. It is one of the sub-indicators mentioned in the global metadata.
3. Data description
   • ODA is the resource flows to countries and territories on the OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) List of ODA Recipients and to multilateral development institutions that are:
     i. Provided by official agencies, including state and local governments, or by their executive agencies; and
     ii. Concessional (i.e. grants and soft loans) and administered with the promotion of the economic development and welfare of developing countries as the main objective.
   The DAC list of countries eligible to receive ODA is updated every three years and is based on per capita income.

4. Accessibility of source data
   • OECD - Aid for trade: https://www.oecd.org/dac/aft/ 
   • OECD - ODA and OOF for aid for trade: https://stats.oecd.org/qwids/

5. Metadata on source data
   • OECD - Aid for trade: https://www.oecd.org/dac/aft/
   • General information on ODA as well as recent and future changes in methodology: http://www.oecd.org/dac/financing-sustainable-development/development-finance-standards/What-is-ODA.pdf
   • List of ODA recipient countries: http://oe.cd/dac-list

6. Timeliness and frequency
   • Timeliness: t + 12 months
   • Frequency: Annual

7. Calculation method
   • Unit of measurement: Mn USD, constant prices (2019)
   • Calculation method:
     \[
     \text{Aid for trade gross disbursements} = \frac{\text{ODA + OOF gross disbursements to the relevant sectors [USD Mn]}}{\text{Deflators for resource flows [2018 = 100]}}
     \]